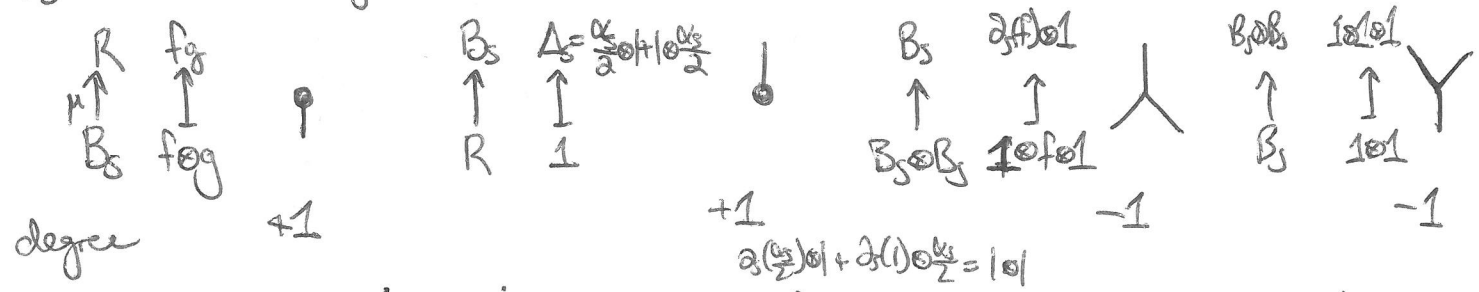


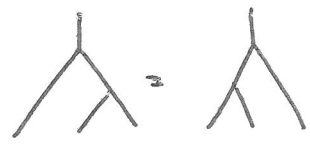
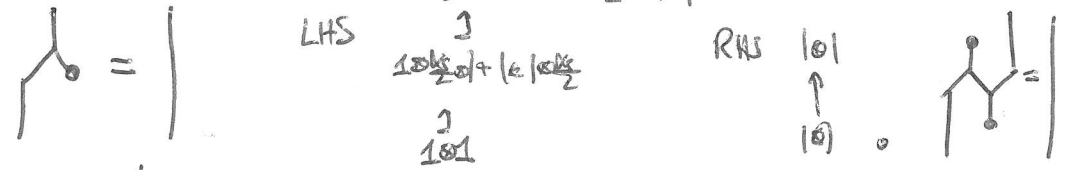
We've defined  $\otimes$ -cat  $\mathcal{BSBim}$ , so should draw morphisms. If you're new to this, think of a diagram as a better encoding of a morphism - much easier than symbols. They have a life of their own too - can define a diag. cat... not for now.

WARMUP #1:  $S = \{S\}$ ,  $\mathcal{BSBim}$  consists of  $B_S^{\otimes n}$

$B_S$  is a Frobenius algebra in  $\mathcal{BSBim}$  so have 4 structure maps:

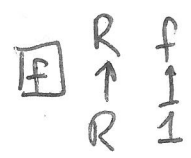


Example computation:

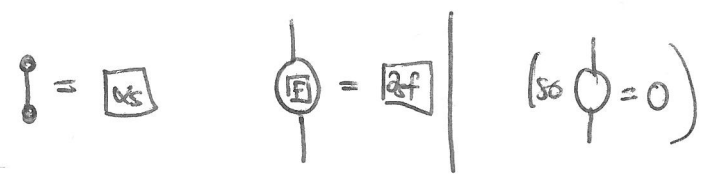


since  $\Delta_S(f)$  symmetric.

Another generator:

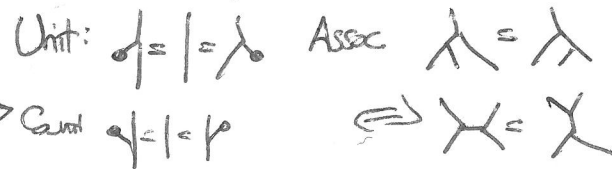


Example:

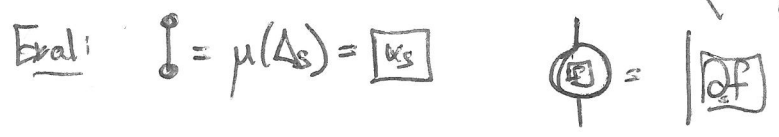


Thm:  $\mu, \Delta, \eta, \theta, F$  generate all  $R$ -bimodule morphisms. Let  $\cap = \eta, \cup = \theta$

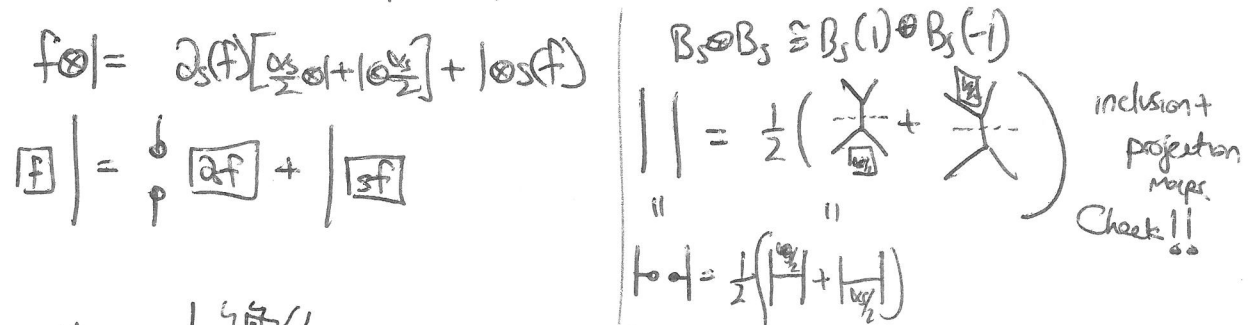
Relations are: Std Frobenius Relation: Isotopy  $\mu = | = \eta, \theta = \cap = \cup, \eta = \theta = \cup$



Decomp:  $\bullet = \frac{os}{2} | + | \frac{os}{2}$  (in general,  $\sum a_i | b_i$  for dual bases  $\{a_i\}, \{b_i\}$  comes from  $R \cong R^S \otimes R^S(-2)$ )



Consequences:

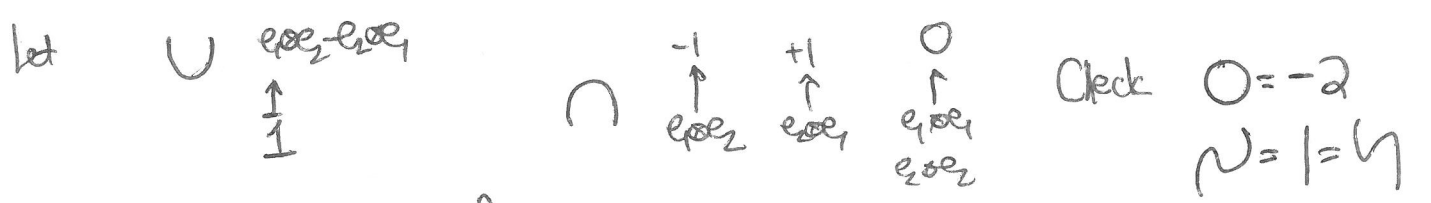


inclusion + projection maps. Check!!

Now  $S = \{st\}$ . Have  $\frac{1}{2} \left( \begin{matrix} \eta \\ \cup \end{matrix} \right)$ , but anything else?? How to work with??

Warmup 2: sl<sub>2</sub> reps. Let  $\bullet \bullet \bullet$  be  $V^{\otimes n}$ ,  $V = V_1 =$  fund rep. basis  $\{e_1, e_2\}$  (2)

Now  $V^{\otimes 2} \supset \wedge^2 V = \mathbb{C}$  so  $\exists$  inclusion, proj



Def:  $TL_n = \mathbb{C} \langle \text{stack of } n \text{ } \cup \text{ and } \cap \text{ } \rangle$ , get category of  $2$  v/ obj  $= \mathbb{N}$  Mor  $= \langle \frac{n}{m} \rangle$

Complex = stack,  $0 = -2$ .

Rmk: This whole picture has a  $q$ -defn, giving  $\text{Rep}(U_q(\mathfrak{sl}_2))$ ,  $q = Q(q) \{e_1, e_2\}$   
 $0 = -(q+q^{-1}) = -[2]$

Thm:  $\text{Hom}_{\text{alg}}(M, n) \cong \text{Hom}_{U_q(\mathfrak{sl}_2)}(V^{\otimes m}, V^{\otimes n})$

Now  $V_n \subset V^{\otimes n}$  so  $\exists$  idemp  $JW_n \in TL_n$  Jones-Wenzl Projector

Ex:  $JW_2 = \parallel + \frac{1}{[2]} \cap$        $JW_3 = \parallel + \frac{[2]}{[3]} (\parallel \cup + \cup \parallel) + \frac{1}{[3]} (\cap \cup + \cup \cap)$   
 $[3] = [2]^2 - 1$

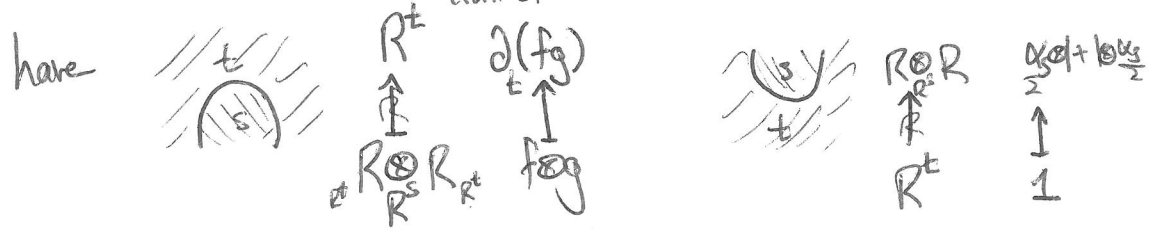
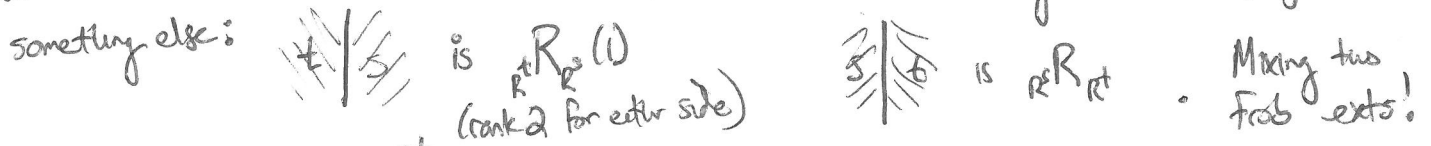
- Properties:
- ① Can be defined w/ coeffs  $\frac{[k]}{[n]}$  for  $k \leq n$
  - ② Nice recursion formulae
  - ③ ! morphism st  $JW_n = 0$  and coeff of  $\parallel \parallel \parallel$  is 1.
- } exercises

But  $V_n$  not the only summand of  $V^{\otimes n}$ .  $V^{\otimes n} \cong \bigoplus_k C_{n,k} V_k$ , can deduce from

$V \otimes V_n = V_{n+1} \oplus V_{n-1}$  for  $n \geq 1$ ,  $V \otimes V_0 = V$

so  $TL_n$  has all these idempotents too (+ isom within isotypic component)

Now for the real deal:  $S = \{s, t\}$ . Before I start drawing TBSBim, gonna do something else:



They satisfy

$$\text{Diagram 1} = \text{Diagram 2} = \text{Diagram 3}$$

and

$$\text{Diagram 4}^t - \partial_t(\alpha_s) = a_{st} = -2\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{m}\right) \quad (3)$$

$$= (q+q^{-1}) \text{ for } q = \zeta_m$$

so there is a map from  $\mathcal{O}TY$  into  $\mathbb{Q}$ s of these guys.

Some 2-colored version of

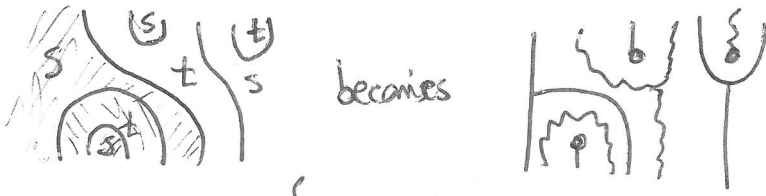
A morphism

$$R \otimes R \otimes R \otimes R \xrightarrow{\uparrow} R \otimes R \otimes R \otimes R$$

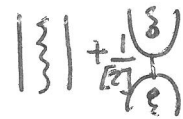
gives a morphism

$$R \otimes R \otimes R \otimes R = B_t \otimes B_s \otimes B_t \otimes B_s$$

So every elt of  $\mathcal{O}TY$  gives a morphism of BSBin! Def Retract.



$$JW_2 = \left| \left| + \frac{1}{[2]} U \right. \right| \text{ becomes}$$



Still an idempotent (when  $[2] \neq 0$ )  
i.e.  $m \geq 2$ .

In fact,  $[m_{st}] = 0$

gives  $B_{sts} \in B_s B_t B_s$ .

Just as

$$V \otimes V \cong V_{n+1} \oplus V_{n-1}$$

$$V \otimes V_0 \cong V_1$$

so have

$$B_s \otimes B_{\frac{sts}{n+1}} \cong B_{\frac{sts}{n+2}} \oplus B_{\frac{sts}{n}} \quad n \geq 2, n \geq 1$$

$$B_s \otimes B_t = B_{st} \quad (\text{see exercises})$$

Can now explicitly decompose all alternating BSBin for  $m = \infty$ , when all  $[m] \neq 0$ .

Rmk: This connection  $SBin_A \xleftrightarrow{\sim} sl_2\text{-rep}$  is (quantum) geometric Satake!!!

When  $m < \infty$ ,  $JW_m$  undefined, no good way to break down  $B_s B_t \dots$  for  $k \geq m+1$

But  $JW_{m-1}$  defined,  $[m-1] = 1$ , its even rotation-invariant in  $\mathbb{Z}_m$  using  $\mathcal{O}T$

Give  $B_{\frac{sts}{m}} \in B_s B_t \dots$  and  $B_{\frac{tsb}{m}} \in B_t B_s \dots$  a common summand.

So  $\exists$  deg 0 map  $B_s B_t \xrightarrow{\sim} B_t B_s$  draw as new generator.

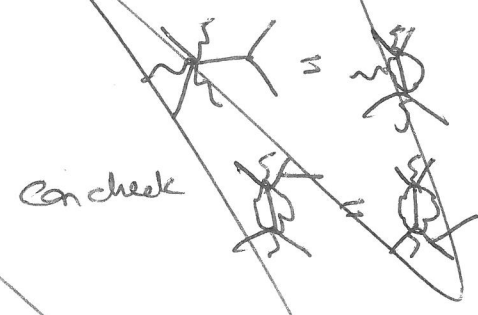
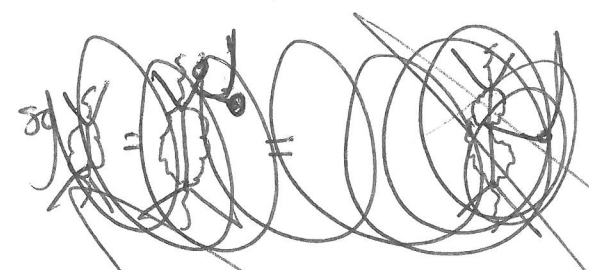
and =

Ex:  $m=3$  =  $|s| + |t| = |s|$   
 $JW = \frac{s}{[3]} + \frac{t}{[3]}$

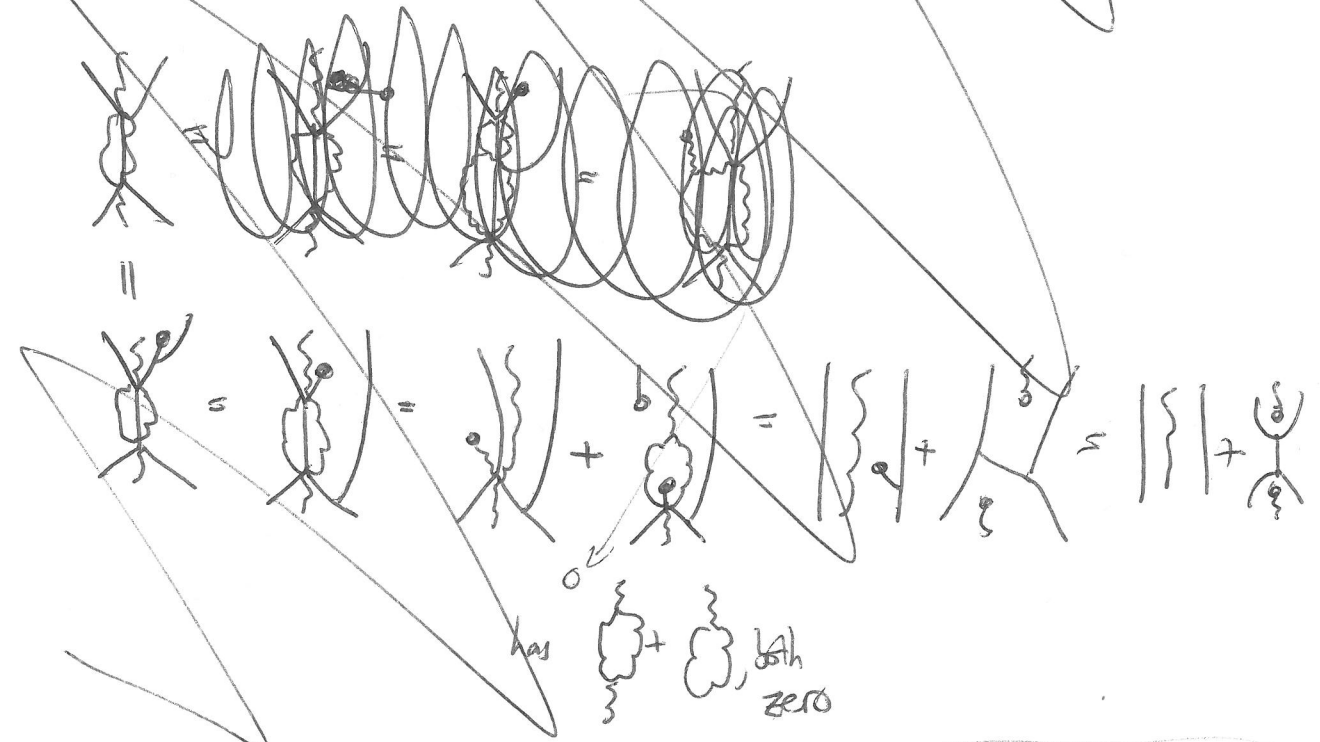
Relns: ① Isotopy = ② = ③ = m=3 example

Ex! Why  $\text{[diagram]} = \text{[diagram]} + \text{[diagram]}$

we have  $\text{[diagram]} = \text{[diagram]} + \text{[diagram]}$

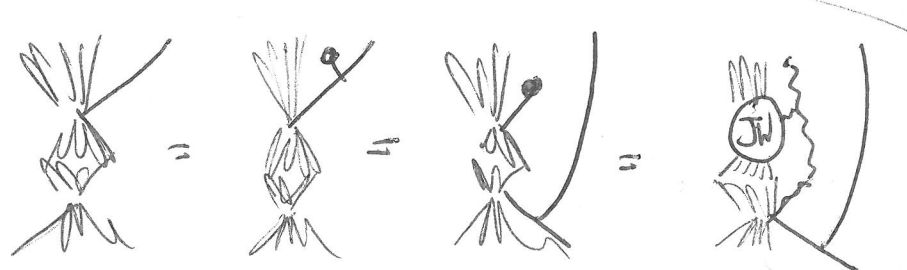


So



Ex! Why  $\text{[diagram]} = \text{[diagram]} ?$

Claim!  $\text{[diagram]} = \text{[diagram]}$   
using ③ twice



Claim!  $\text{[diagram]} = 0$   
Pfi  $\text{[diagram]} = 0$

all terms except  $\text{[diagram]}$  or have  $\text{[diagram]}$  which kills  $\text{[diagram]}$

